Learning Task: Density

<u>Density</u> is the amount of matter that an object has in a given unit of volume. The density of an object is calculated by dividing its mass by its volume.

$$\frac{\text{density} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}}{\text{volume}} = \frac{\text{gams}}{\text{cm}^3}$$

Different materials have different densities, so density can be used to distinguish between materials that look similar. For example, table salt and sugar look alike. However, table salt has a density of 2.16 grams per cubic centimeter, while sugar has a density of 1.58 grams per cubic centimeter.

Example 1: A piece of copper with a volume of 2.85 cubic centimeters has a mass of 73.92 grams. A piece of iron with a volume of 5 cubic centimeters has a mass of 39.35 grams. Which metal has the greater density?

Another use of the word density occurs in the term **population density**. The population density of a city, country, or state is a measure of how many people live within a given area.

$$population density = \frac{number of people}{area of land}$$

Population density is usually given in terms of square miles, but can be expressed using other units such as city blocks.

The area of a trapezoid can be calculated by:

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2) \cdot h$$

Use the area of a trapezoid formula to help answer the next question.

Example 2: The population of Vermont in 2009 was 621,760. The state can be modeled by a trapezoid with vertices at (0,0), (0,160), (80,160), and (40,0), with each unit on the coordinate plane being 1 mile.

a. Calulcate the <u>area</u> of Vermont.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(40+80)160 = 9600 \text{ units}^2$$

b. Find the population density of Vermont.

$$D = \frac{621,760}{9600} = \frac{64.77 \text{ people}}{\text{units}^2} = \frac{(40,0)}{40}$$

Answer all the questions below. When necessary round all answers to the nearest hundredth.

1. A piece of tin has a mass of 16.52 g and a volume of 2.26 cm³. What is the density of tin?

$$D = \frac{16.52}{2.26} = 7.31 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

2. A man has a 50.0 cm³ bottle completely filled with 163 g of slimy green liquid. What is the density of the liquid?

$$D = \frac{163}{50} = 3.26 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

3. Different kinds of woods have different densities. The density of oak wood is generally $.74 g / cm^3$. If a $35 cm^3$ piece of wood has a mass of 21g, is the wood likely to be oak?

4. The density of pine is generally about 0.5. What is the mass of 800 cm³ piece of pine?

$$D = \frac{m}{V}$$
 $\sqrt{5} = \frac{m}{800}$ $m = 400 g$

5. What is the volume of 325g of metal with a density of $9.0 g / cm^3$?

$$D = \frac{m}{V}$$
 $\frac{325}{V} = \frac{9.0}{1}$ $\frac{9.0}{9.0} = \frac{325}{9.0} = 36.11 \text{cm}^3$

6. Diamonds have a density of $3.5 g / cm^3$. How by g is a diamond that has a mass of 0.10g?

$$D = \frac{m}{V} \qquad \frac{3.5 = .10}{V}$$

$$\frac{3.5V = .10}{3.5} = .03m^{3}$$

7. Which has more mass: a solid cylinder of gold with a height of 5 cm and a diameter of 6 cm, or a solid cone of platinum with a height of 21 cm and a diameter of 8cm? Use the following table to help you answer the question.

Metal	Density
Gold	19.30 g / cm ³
Platinum	21.40 g/cm ³

a. Find the volume of the cylinder of gold. Then use the density formula and volume to calculate the mass.

| $V = \sqrt{10} r^2 h$

1.)
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

 $V = \pi (3)^2 (5) = 45 \pi = 141.37 cm^3$
2) $19.30 = \frac{m}{141.37}$ $m = 2728.44 g$

b. Find the volume of the cone of platinum. Then use the density formula and volume to calculate the mass.

1)
$$V = \pi (4)^2 (21) = 336\pi = 1055.58 \text{ cm}^3$$

2) $21.40 = \frac{m}{1055.58}$ $m = 22,589.41 \text{ g}$

c. Which has more mass, the cylinder of gold or the cone of platinum?