Parallel and Perpendicular Lines Practice

Parallel Lines are have the Same slope but different 4-n tercepts

1. Find the equation of a line parallel to the line: y = 2x + 4, through the point (4, -3).

$$m_{11} = 2$$
 $-3 = 2(4) + b$ $y = 2x - 11$ $y = 2x - 11$

2. Find the equation of a line parallel to the line: y = 3/4x - 12, through the point (8, 5).

$$M_{11} = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{5} = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{$$

3. Find the equation of a line parallel to the line: -3x + y = 9, through the point (4, 6)

$$y = 3x + 9$$

 $m_{11} = 3$ $6 = 3(4) + 6$ $6 = 12 + 6$ $6 = -6$ $y = 3x - 6$

Find the equation of a line parallel to the line: 4x + 2y = -12, through the point (-6, 2)

$$\frac{2}{4}y = \frac{-4x - 12}{2} \quad m = -2 \quad 2 = -2(-6) + 6$$

$$y = -2x - 6 \quad 2 = 12 + 6$$

$$-10 = 6 \quad y = -2x - 10$$
e slopes that are opposite reupricals.

Perpendicular Lines are lines that have the slopes that are opposite reupricular

5. Find the equation of a line perpendicular to the line: y = 3x + 5, through the point (4, -3).

$$\frac{m_1 = -\frac{1}{3}}{-3 = -\frac{1}{3}(4) + 6} = \frac{-3 = -\frac{1}{3}(4) + 6}{\frac{+\frac{1}{3}}{-\frac{5}{3} = 6}}$$

6. Find the equation of a line parallel to the line: y = 1/2x - 12, through the point (-8, 6).

$$m_{\perp} = -2$$
 $6 = -2(-8) + 6$ $y = -2x - 10$

$$\frac{-16 - 16}{-10 - 16}$$

7. Find the equation of a line parallel to the line: -6x + 3y = 9, through the point (6, -2)

$$y = 2x + 3$$

$$m_1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$-2 = -\frac{1}{2}(6) + 6$$

$$-2 = -3 + 6$$

$$+3 + 3$$

$$1 = 6$$

8. Find the equation of a line parallel to the line:
$$5x + y = 10$$
, through the point $(-6, 2)$

$$y = -5x + 10$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{5}(-6) + b$$

$$2 = -\frac{1}{5}(-6) + b$$

$$4 = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$4 = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$$

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