

Converting General Form to Standard Form

Now **complete the square** to rewrite the following equations in standard form. An example is shown below:

$$Ax^2 + By^2 + Cx + Dy + F = 0$$

Example:

$$x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 6y - 56 = 0$$

Move the constant

$$+ 56 \quad + 56$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 6y = 56$$

Group like terms together

$$(x^2 - 8x) + (y^2 + 6y) = 56$$

Take half of the middle

$$\left(x^2 - 8x + \left(\frac{-8}{2}\right)^2\right) + \left(y^2 + 6y + \left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^2\right) = 56 + \left(\frac{-8}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^2$$

coefficient, square it and

$$16x^2 - 8x \quad \sqrt{x^2 - 8x + 16}$$

add it to both sides

$$-4 \cdot -4 \quad -4 + -4 = -8$$

$$(x-4)^2$$

| | | |
|----|----------------|-----|
| | x | -4 |
| x | x ² | -4x |
| -4 | -4x | 16 |

$$= x^2 - 8x + 16$$

Factor as a binomial squared, and simplify the squared terms

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 56 + (-4)^2 + (3)^2$$

Simplify

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 56 + 16 + 9$$

Radius = r

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 81$$

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

Center (h,k)

Guided Practice: Change the following equations to standard form. Then, identify the radius and center.

1. $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 10y = -22$

2. $x^2 + y^2 + 14y + 24 = 0$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 1} + \sqrt{y^2 - 10y + 25} = -22 + 1 + 25$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\frac{2}{2} = (1)^2 \quad \frac{-10}{2} = (-5)^2$$

$$(x+1)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 4$$

$$x^2 + \sqrt{y^2 + 14y + 49} = -24 + 49$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$x^2 \quad \frac{14}{2} = (7)^2$$

$$x^2 + (y+7)^2 = 25$$

Standard Form: $(x+1)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 4$

Standard Form: $x^2 + (y+7)^2 = 25$

Radius: $\frac{2}{\sqrt{4}}$ Center: $(-1, 5)$

Radius: $\frac{5}{\sqrt{25}}$ Center: $(0, -7)$

On your own: Rewrite in Standard form for a circle: $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$. Then, state the radius and center.

1. $x^2 + y^2 + 8x = 84$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 8x + \frac{16}{4}} + y^2 = 84 + \frac{16}{4}$$

$$\frac{8}{2} = (4)^2$$

$$(x+4)^2 + y^2 = 100$$

Center: $(-4, 0)$
radius: $\sqrt{100} = 10$

2. $x^2 + y^2 - 18y + 65 = 0$

$$x^2 + \sqrt{y^2 - 18y + \frac{81}{4}} = -65 + \frac{81}{4}$$

$$\frac{-18}{2} = (-9)^2$$

$$x^2 + (y-9)^2 = 16$$

Center: $(0, 9)$
Radius: 4

3. $x^2 + y^2 + 20x - 26y + 268 = 0$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 20x + \frac{100}{4}} + \sqrt{y^2 - 26y + \frac{169}{4}} = -268 + \frac{100}{4} + \frac{169}{4}$$

$$\frac{20}{2} = (10)^2 \quad \frac{-26}{2} = (-13)^2$$

$$(x+10)^2 + (y-13)^2 = 1$$

Center: $(-10, 13)$
Radius: $\sqrt{1} = 1$

4. $x^2 + y^2 + 14x - 22y + 134 = 0$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 14x + \frac{49}{4}} + \sqrt{y^2 - 22y + \frac{121}{4}} = -134 + \frac{49}{4} + \frac{121}{4}$$

$$\frac{14}{2} = (7)^2 \quad \frac{-22}{2} = (-11)^2$$

$$(x+7)^2 + (y-11)^2 = 36$$

Center: $(-7, 11)$
Radius: $\sqrt{36} = 6$