Converting General Form to Standard Form

Now **complete the square** to rewrite the following equations in standard form. An example is shown below:

Example:

Move the constant

$$x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 6y - 56 = 0$$
$$+ 56 + 56$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 6y = 56$$

Group like terms together

$$(x^2 - 8x) + (y^2 + 6y) = 56$$

Take half of the middle

$$\left(x^{2}-8x+\left(\frac{-8}{2}\right)^{2}\right)+\left(y^{2}+6y+\left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^{2}\right)=56+\left(\frac{-8}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^{2}$$

coefficient, square it and

add it to both sides

Factor as a binomial squared,

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 56 + (-4)^2 + (3)^2$$

and simplify the squared terms

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 56 + 16 + 9$$

Simplify

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 81$$

Guided Practice: Change the following equations to standard form. Then, identify the radius and center.

1.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 10y = -22$$

2.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 14y + 24 = 0$$

Standard Form: _____

Standard Form: _____

Radius: _____ Center: _____

Radius: _____ Center: _____

On your own: Rewrite in Standard form for a circle: $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$. Then, state the radius and center.

1.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 8x = 84$$

2.
$$x^2 + y^2 - 18y + 65 = 0$$

3.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 20x - 26y + 268 = 0$$

4.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 14x - 22y + 134 = 0$$